The Sub-Attending Curriculum

Amy Seery, MD & Danae Doubek-Goerl, MD
Via Christi Family Medicine Residency
Wichita, Ks
March 24th, 2017

(Please have PDW-RPS app ready to answer poll questions.)



Objectives

- 1. Develop a new rounding model that promotes more autonomy and self-directed learning among senior residents.
- 2. Implement a new feedback process that keeps all team members accountable for patient care decisions.
- 3. Integrate self-directed learning into active patient care duties.
- 4. Promote senior residents transitioning from active learners to active teachers.

Polling Question: Who runs in-patient rounds?

- a) Attending
- b) Senior Resident
- c) Nurse
- d) Social Worker/Case Manager

2

AMERICAN: ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Polling Question: Interns manage in-patient cases with oversight by-

- a) Attending
- b) Senior Resident & Attending

Polling Question:

Do medical students have an assigned resident to help them prepare for patient presentations before rounds?

- a) No
- b) Yes
- c) Sometimes

E

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Polling Question:

Do you have a resident team member whose daily duties include reviewing evidence-based medicine (EBM) practices for current cases?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Sometimes

Polling Question: Are senior residents expected to give formal presentations during in-patient rotations?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Sometimes

7

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Our Program Characteristics

- 18/18/18 residents
- · 4 to 5 residents each In-patient Pediatric Block
 - Typically 2 to 3 seniors and 1 to 2 interns
- Residents experience three to four In-patient Pediatric Blocks prior to graduation
- Average of five patients per resident
 - Medicine, Surgery, PICU, and Video-EEG cases
- Seniors accept in-town admissions from Emergency Departments



Learning Deficits

- Residents encouraged to develop <u>leadership</u> <u>skills</u> & <u>self-directed learning</u>
 - These skills often taught in simulated conditions:
 - Workshops, protected project/research time, standardized patients
- Yet skills are needed during active patient care

_

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Transitional Curriculum

- Create conditions closer to post-graduation daily practice
- Incorporate this curriculum on a block with a greater emphasis on patient care
- Seek to increase intern volume and improve oversight by seniors



The Sub-Attending

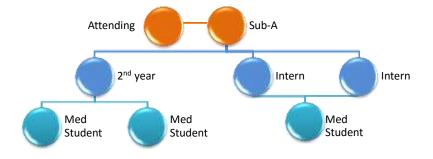
- Typically a 3rd year resident who:
 - Practices the duties of an attending
 - Duties include Rounding, Teaching, and Feedback
 - Still receives supervision



AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

11

Team Hierarchy



Sub-Attending Duties

Feedback

- Prepares interns and medical students for morning case presentations
- Directly supervises interns during admissions at least 50% of opportunities
- Directs the feedback session during the 3rd week of the block



AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

10

Sub-Attending Duties

Rounding

- Over-rounds on intern cases and co-signs notes
- Decides the order of case presentations and which patients will be discussed at the bedside
- Provides initial feedback and correction to medical student or intern after patient presentations
- Provides initial assistance with bedside teaching / plan clarification for families and nurses



Sub-Attending Duties

- Teaching
 - Organizes guest lecturers & topics for the block
 - Presents a one hour formal lecture for the team
 - PowerPoint or "chalk-talk"
 - Investigates up-to-date guidelines or clinical practice recommendations as applicable to current cases

15

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

EBM in Rounds



- Sub-A will pick 1-2 cases daily
 - Search for most recent guideline,
 Cochrane report, or clinical practice recommendation as available
 - Look for any recently published literature that might offer a new insight
 - Search for a more appropriate therapy in a specific patient population

Sub-A Lecture Topics To-Date

- ALTE's → BRUE's
- Limping Child
- Toxicology / Ingestion review
- 2011 UTI Guideline review
- Status epilepticus management
- Febrile infants
- 2014 Acute Otitis Media Guideline review
- Failure to thrive
- Antibiotic review



AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Pro's for the Sub-A

- Better developed feedback skills- especially at the peer-to-peer level
- · Improved oversight skills
 - Future team with PA's, APRN's, etc.
- Greater comfort teaching and lecturing
 - Both formally and informally
- · Encourages self-directed learning
- · Opportunities to practice EBM research skills
- Seniors cannot "hide" behind a strong medical student



Pro's for the Team

- More opportunities for one-on-one teaching for medical students and interns
- Increased integration of EBM without sacrificing patient care time
- Structured "over-rounding" allows for more case exposure, especially important if census is temporarily low



AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

10

Con's

- May not be adaptable across all in-patient team structures
- There is potential for strife when a 2nd year is critiquing a fellow 2nd year
- Giving the role to a less developed
 2nd year can distract from their patient care learning and cause undue stress

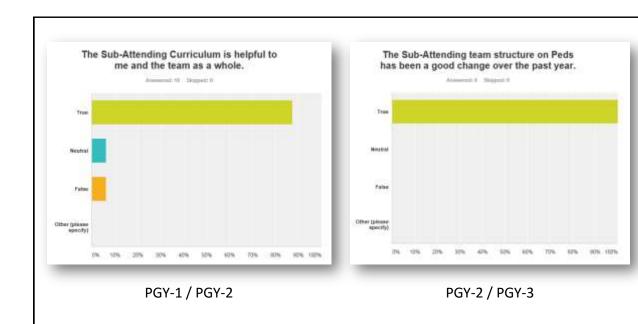


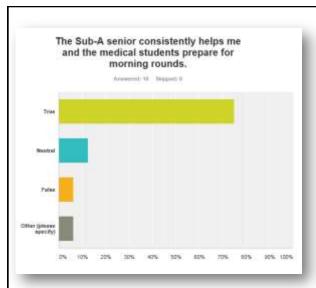
In-house Survey Results

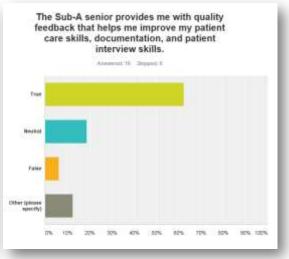


AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

21

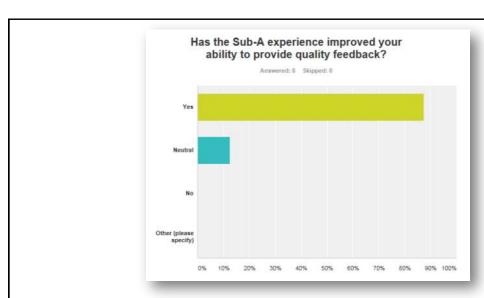




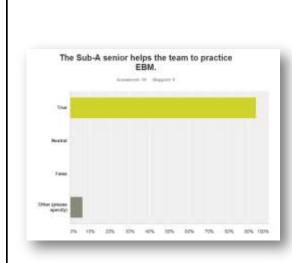


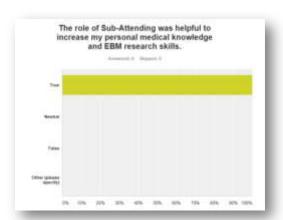
PGY-1 / PGY-2

23



PGY-2 / PGY-3

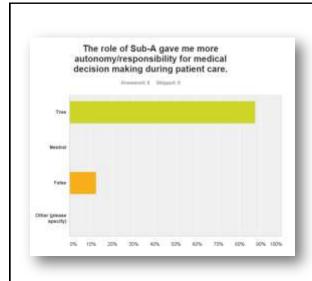


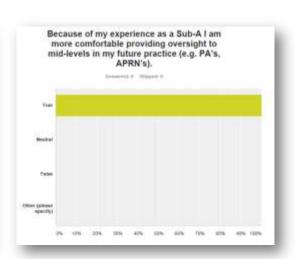


PGY-1 / PGY-2

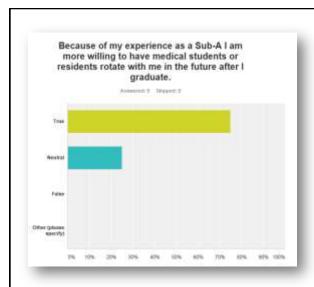
PGY-2 / PGY-3

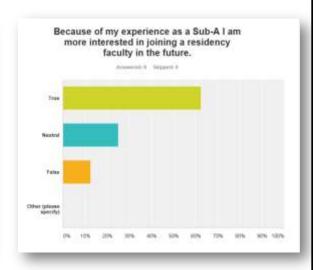
21





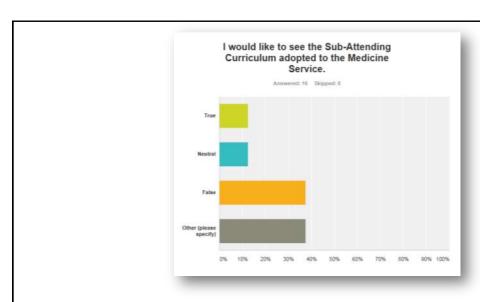
PGY-2 / PGY-3





PGY-2 / PGY-3

27



PGY-1 / PGY-2 / PGY-3

Adaptability

- Seniors could practice precepting in clinic alongside an attending
- Create a Teaching Skills block for interested residents
- Feedback for resident to include critique of the growth of an assigned medical student



29

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

Poll Question:

Enter your email address to be included in any follow-up communication from the presenter(s).



Please... Complete the session evaluation. Thank you.

Additional References

- Lacasse, M. (2009). Teaching-skills Training Programs for Family Medicine Residents: Systematic review of formats, content, and effects of existing programs. Can Fam Physician. 55(902-3) e1-5.
- Lin, S. (2016). Training Future Clinician-Educators: A Track for Family Medicine Residents. Family Medicine. 48(3):212-6.
- Nothnagle M. (2011). Struggling to Be Self-Directed: Residents' Paradoxical Beliefs About Learning. Academic Medicine. 86(12). 1539-1544.
- Ramnarayan K., Hande S. (2005, September). Thoughts on Self-Directed Learning in Medical Schools: Making Students More Responsible. Retrieved from http://education.jhu.edu/PD/newhorizons/lifelonglearning/higher-education/medical-schools/

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS

33

Thank You



