

RSV in Adults Over 60



Respiratory Syncytial Virus, or RSV, is a common virus that affects the lungs and breathing passages. Older adults are at high risk for severe RSV Infection.



Symptoms



People infected with RSV usually **show symptoms within 4 to 6 days** after getting infected.

Symptoms of RSV infection usually include:



Runny nose



Fever



Decrease in appetite



Coughing



Sneezing



Wheezing

These symptoms usually **appear in stages and not all at once.**



Are you at high risk for RSV?

Adults at highest risk for severe RSV Infection include:

- Older adults
- Adults with chronic heart or lung disease
- Adults with weakened immune systems
- Adults with certain other underlying medical conditions
- Adults living in nursing homes or long-term care facilities

Talk to your family doctor about your risk for severe illness from RSV and whether the RSV vaccine is right for you.

Prevention and protection

The **RSV vaccine** is available to adults over age 60 and it can protect them against severe illness, which can lead to hospitalization.

It is recommended that adults 60 and older talk with their doctor to help decide whether the RSV vaccine is right for them. Talk with your doctor about RSV vaccination during in-office visits and routine check-ups.