

Resident 1 Consent Calendar

National Conference of Family Medicine Residents and Medical Students July 27-29, 2017 - Kansas City, MO

1	RECOMMENDATION: The Resident 1 Reference Committee recommends the
2 3	following consent calendar for adoption:
4 5	Item 1: Adopt Substitute Resolution No. R1-401 "Supporting the Reduction of Adverse Childhood Experiences" (p. 1)
6 7 8 9	Item 2: Adopt Resolution No. R1-402 "Advocacy Against All-Terrain Vehicle Use in Children Under 16" (pp. 1-2)
10 11	Item 3: Not Adopt Resolution No. R1-403 "Establishing a Nationwide Fast Food Chain Tax to Combat Obesity and Comorbidities"(p. 2)
12 13 14	Item 4: Adopt Substitute Resolution No. R1-404 "Screening, Intervening, and Advocating to Address Food Insecurity" (pp.2-3)
15 16 17	Item 5: Adopt Resolution No. R1-405 "Family Physicians as Public Health Advocates and Collaborators" (p. 4)
18 19 20	Item 6: Adopt Substitute Resolution No. R1-406 "AAFP Stance on Health Care as a Human Right" (p. 4)
21 22 23 24	Item 7: Adopt Resolution No. R1-408 "Supporting the Safety of Personal Care Products" (p. 5)
25 26 27	REAFFIRMATION CALENDAR: (A) Resolution No. R1-407 "Addressing Loopholes in Background Checks Prior to Gun Sales" (pp. 5-6)
28	(B) Resolution No. R1-409 "Establishing a Nationwide Sugar-Sweetened Beverage

Tax to Combat Obesity and Comorbidities" (pp. 5-6)



Resident 1 Reference Committee Report

National Conference of Family Medicine Residents and Medical Students July 27-29, 2017 - Kansas City, MO

- 1 The Resident 1 Reference Committee has considered each of the items referred to it and
- 2 <u>submits the following report. The committee's recommendations will be submitted as a</u>
- 3 consent calendar and voted on in one vote. Any item or items may be extracted for

4 debate.

ITEM NO. 1: RESOLUTION R1-401: SUPPORTING THE REDUCTION OF ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support legislation that will fund community efforts and interventions aimed at preventing and reducing Adverse Childhood Experiences.

The reference committee heard testimony from the author in support of the resolution highlighting that adverse childhood experiences are linked to poor health outcomes and that a validated screening tool is available. The reference committee also heard testimony that this topic was already addressed through the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) policy statement titled *Child Abuse*. The reference committee discussed the testimony and reviewed the current policy. The committee agreed that Adverse Childhood experiences (ACEs) covers a broader range of experiences than child abuse alone and should be considered as a separate issue. To date, no current legislation has been identified for funding for ACEs, therefore, the committee amended the resolved clause to include a provision for the AAFP to advocate that such legislation be developed.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that the Substitute Resolution No. R1-401 be adopted in lieu of Substitute Resolution No. R1-401, which reads as follows:

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support and advocate for legislation that will fund community efforts and interventions aimed at preventing and reducing Adverse Childhood Experiences.

ITEM NO. 2: RESOLUTION R1-402: ADVOCACY AGAINST ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE USE IN CHILDREN UNDER 16

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians recommend against the use of all-terrain vehicles by children under the age of 16, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians advocate for legislative and regulatory action against operation of all-terrain vehicles by children under the age of 16, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians promote community and public health education and awareness regarding dangers of all-terrain vehicle use in children under the age of 16, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians develop guidelines regarding counseling pediatric patients and their families on all-terrain vehicle safety.

 The reference committee heard testimony in opposition to the resolution indicating that the intent was addressed by current AAFP policy. The author of the resolution provided support for the resolution as a member of the reference committee. Supporting testimony referred to actions taken by other medical specialty societies, including the American Academy of Pediatrics, and to statistics demonstrating the morbidity and mortality observed in children under the age of 16. The committee discussed the current AAFP policy statement, *Motorized Recreational Vehicles*, and agreed that it did not adequately address the resolution. The reference committee agreed that the AAFP should develop a recommendation against children under the age of 16 using all-terrain vehicles and provide guidance and education on this topic to members. Therefore, the committee recommends that this resolution be adopted.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that Resolution No. R1-402 be adopted.

ITEM NO. 3: RESOLUTION R1-403: ESTABLISHING A NATIONWIDE FAST FOOD CHAIN TAX TO COMBAT OBESITY AND COMORBIDITIES

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians release a statement endorsing a nationwide fast food chain tax as a measure that would improve the health of all Americans.

The reference committee heard testimony against the resolution, which cited multiple concerns of potential unintended consequences of a tax on fast food chains. There were concerns that such a tax would disproportionately affect those in low income areas and food deserts. The reference committee discussed the testimony and agreed with concerns of unintended consequences and felt that the term "fast food" was too broad and may impact restaurants with healthier options. Based on these concerns, the reference committee recommends that the resolution not be adopted.

<u>RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that Resolution No. R1-403 not be adopted.</u>

ITEM NO. 4: RESOLUTION R1-404: SCREENING, INTERVENING, AND ADVOCATING TO ADDRESS FOOD INSECURITY

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support efforts to universally screen patients for food insecurity, using tools like the validated Hunger Vital Sign™, and connect patients to federal nutrition programs and resources, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create a policy to support a strong and effective national nutrition safety net for vulnerable, low-income individuals by protecting and defending the federal nutrition programs from block grants, structural changes, and budget cuts, and by ensuring all people in the United States have access to the nutrition they need to live healthy and productive lives, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians educate its members on the health implications of food insecurity, health benefits of the federal nutrition programs, promising interventions to address food insecurity in health care settings, and advocacy opportunities to address food insecurity at the local, state, and national level.

The reference committee heard testimony in favor of the resolution regarding the widespread prevalence of food insecurity and the impact on health outcomes. While the AAFP has existing policies on healthy food and advocates for the provision of healthy food in schools and workplaces, there is no policy specifically addressing food insecurity. The AAFP does have resources, such as the Community Health Resource Navigator, that can help family physicians identify local healthy food options, but it is not sufficient to address the resolution. The reference committee agreed that screening for food insecurity is important for family physicians and that resources and education should be provided to help patients after being identified. However, there was concern among the reference committee that a recommendation for universal screening may be harder to implement without comprehensive resources for patients once they are identified. Therefore, the reference committee recommends a substitute resolution that does not include a call for universal screening.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that the Substitute Resolution No. R1-404 be adopted in lieu of Substitute Resolution No. R1-404, which reads as follows:

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support efforts to screen patients for food insecurity, using tools like the validated Hunger Vital Sign™, and connect patients to federal nutrition programs and resources, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create a policy to support a strong and effective national nutrition safety net for vulnerable, low-income individuals by protecting and defending federal nutrition programs from block grants, structural changes, and budget cuts, and by ensuring all people in the United States have access to the nutrition they need to live healthy and productive lives, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians educate its members on the health implications of food insecurity, health benefits of federal nutrition programs, promising interventions to address food insecurity in health care settings, and advocacy opportunities to address food insecurity at the local, state, and national level.

ITEM NO. 5: RESOLUTION R1-405: FAMILY PHYSICIANS AS PUBLIC HEALTH ADVOCATES AND COLLABORATORS

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141 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians explore and collaborate
142 with appropriate entities to help family physicians function as community advocates for
143 public health or public health officer, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians explore the development of an educational toolkit and curriculum to provide family medicine physicians with the necessary evidenced-based knowledge and tools to function as community advocates for public health or public health offices.

The reference committee heard testimony in favor of the resolution which discussed the family physician's duty to be an advocate while highlighting the lack of access to a toolkit which might support their taking on this role. While the AAFP does support integration between primary care and public health through the Commission on Health of the Public and Science's Working Group on Primary Care and Public Health Integration and has been involved with the Practical Playbook currently available at a cost, the reference committee agreed that AAFP development of a centralized toolkit would be beneficial.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that Resolution No. R1-405 be adopted.

ITEM NO. 6: RESOLUTION R1-406: AAFP STANCE ON HEALTH CARE AS A HUMAN RIGHT

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians recognizes that health care, in the United States of America, is a basic human right for every person and not a privilege.

The reference committee heard testimony from the author and others in support of this resolution which emphasized the desire to incorporate specific language of "healthcare as a human right" in AAFP policy. Testimony stressed that the AAFP should be a leader in changing the ethos around healthcare and healthcare reform and that addition of this language would help frame future AAFP policy. While current AAFP policy does support the provision of healthcare to every person, the reference committee acknowledged that it does not use specific wording of "healthcare as a human right." However, the reference committee preferred the global feel of the current policy over the resolution identifying the United States alone. Therefore, the reference committee recommends that the phrase "in the United States" be removed and the substitute resolution be adopted.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that the Substitute Resolution No. R1-406 be adopted in lieu of Substitute Resolution No. R1-406, which reads as follows:

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians recognize that health care is a basic human right for every person and not a privilege.

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ITEM NO. 7: RESOLUTION R1-408: SUPPORTING THE SAFETY OF PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create policy in support of proper testing of personal care and beauty products for safety and benefit as measured by health outcomes of value to patients, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support legislation to protect the public from dangerous personal care and beauty products including making previously approved agents available for research, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians demonstrate this support by writing a letter to the appropriate senators, congresspeople, committees, and bodies, particularly the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pension, encouraging them to support legislation giving the Food and Drug Adminstration (FDA) more oversight over beauty-product safety, including the Personal Care Products Safety Act and urging more investment to the National Toxicology Program for more rigorous scientific testing.

The reference committee heard testimony in support of the resolution by the author whose research has determined that federal laws have remained unchanged since 1938. Because cosmetic products and ingredients are exempt from oversight by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the resolution calls for the AAFP to create policy supporting proper testing, support legislation protecting the public from dangerous products, and send letters to the appropriate persons and entities urging that these products be subject to FDA control. A bill titled, "Personal Care Products Safety Act" was introduced in the U.S. Senate in 2015 and again in 2017, calling for requiring FDA oversight of personal care product safety. The bill has been referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. The AAFP has no current policy on this issue, therefore the reference committee recommends adoption of the resolution.

RECOMMENDATION: The reference committee recommends that Resolution No. R1-408 be adopted.

- REAFFIRMATION CALENDAR
- 223 The following items A and B are presented by the Reference Committee on the
- 224 Reaffirmation Calendar. Testimony in the Reference Committee hearing and discussion
- 225 by the Reference Committee in Executive Session concurred that the resolutions
- 226 presented in Items A and B are current policy or are already addressed in current
- 227 projects. At the request of the National Congress of Family Medicine Residents, any item
- 228 may be taken off the Reaffirmation Calendar for an individual vote on that item.
- 229 Otherwise, the Committee will request approval of the Reaffirmation Calendar in single
- **vote**.

RECOMMMENDATION: The Reference Committee recommends that Items A and B on the Reaffirmation Calendar be approved as current policy or as already being addressed in current projects.

(A) RESOLUTION R1-407: ADDRESSING LOOPHOLES IN BACKGROUND CHECKS PRIOR TO GUN SALES

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians release a statement to address loopholes that allow convicted domestic violence offenders to purchase guns in the United States from private sellers without a background check.

The reference committee heard testimony in support of the resolution from the author citing the high numbers of women who are killed by domestic partners who are able to obtain firearms through legal means due to a lack of background checks in certain sales. The reference committee discussed the current AAFP policy, *Prevention of Gun Violence*. This policy calls for background checks to be performed at all sales including online, gun shows, and classified ads. The AAFP calls for the requirement of background checks to ensure that persons convicted of a violent crime be prevented from purchasing a firearm. The reference committee agreed that violent crime includes domestic violence and is addressed by the current policy.

(B) RESOLUTION R1-409: ESTABLISHING A NATIONWIDE SUGAR-SWEETENED BEVERAGE TAX TO COMBAT OBESITY AND COMORBIDITIES

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians release a statement endorsing a nationwide sugar-sweetened beverage tax as a measure that would improve the the health of all Americans.

The reference committee heard testimony in support of and against the resolution. Testimony was provided stating that sugar-sweetened beverages contribute greatly to obesity and other co-morbidities. Additional testimony cited other cases of taxes levied on products such as cigarettes and tanning beds, both of which contribute to poor health outcomes. Testimony in opposition of the resolution included the belief that people should be responsible for their own actions. The reference committee discussion focused on the current American Academy of Family Physicians policy that calls for taxation of sugar-sweetened beverages. This policy was reaffirmed by the Congress of Delegates in 2015. Based on the current policy, the reference committee recommends reaffirming the resolution.

269	I wish to thank those who appeared before the reference committee to give testimony
270	and the reference committee members for their invaluable assistance. I also wish to
271	commend the AAFP staff for their help in the preparation of this report.
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273	Respectfully submitted,
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