

November 2, 2015

The Honorable Paul Ryan
Speaker
U.S. House of Representatives
232 U.S. Capitol
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi
Minority Leader
U.S. House of Representatives
204 U.S. Capitol
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Speaker Ryan and Representative Pelosi:

On behalf of the undersigned state and national medical specialty organizations, we are writing to express our strong concerns with the decision by the Administration to move ahead with implementation of Stage 3 of the Meaningful Use program despite the widespread failure of Stage 2. While the overall goal established by Congress in the HITECH Act, namely to promote widespread adoption of electronic health records by physicians and hospitals, has largely been achieved, the Stage 3 requirements are inconsistent with the goal of promoting better coordinated and high quality patient care. Congressional action to refocus this program is urgently needed before physicians, frustrated by the near impossibility of compliance with meaningless and ill-informed bureaucratic requirements, abandon the program completely.

Congress enacted the HITECH Act with the best of intentions and, in large part, the goals of the law have been achieved. In 2001, only 18% of physicians used electronic health records. Today, more than 80% have them. This was due in part to federal incentives, which helped to offset a portion of the cost of acquiring and operating the technology. However, as the regulatory scheme to measure “meaningful use” of this technology has evolved, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has continued to layer requirement on top of requirement, usually without any real understanding of the way health care is delivered at the exam room level. What has emerged from this morass of regulation is a system that relegates physicians to the role of data entry clerks, filling the patient record with unnecessary documentation requirements unrelated to the provision of quality care. In addition, the program has failed to focus on interoperability and has instead created new barriers to easily exchanging data and information across care settings.

The regulatory scheme developed by CMS envisioned three stages of increasingly onerous requirements for participants to demonstrate that they were “meaningful users” of the technology and to avoid reductions in Medicare reimbursements. Stage 2 of this program has largely been a failure, with only 12% of physicians successfully participating and little improvement in data exchange across care settings. CMS recently released modifications to Stage 2 to make modest improvements, though some new requirements will cause still more physicians to fail.