



October 18, 2017

The Honorable Mark Mustio  
Majority Chairman  
Professional Licensure Committee  
Pennsylvania State House  
416 Irvis Office Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

The Honorable Harry Readshaw  
Minority Chairman  
Professional Licensure Committee  
Pennsylvania State House  
221 Irvis Office Building  
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Dear Chairman Mustio and Minority Chairman Readshaw:

On behalf of the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP), representing over 129,000 family physicians and medical students across the country, and our state chapter, the Pennsylvania Academy of Family Physicians, which represents over 5,995 family physicians, I am writing to urge you to oppose [SB 25](#) and [HB 100](#), *Modernization of the Professional Nursing Law*. This legislation would permit Advanced Practice Registered Nurses (APRNs) to practice and prescribe independently without the clinical supervision of physicians. This legislation would alter the standard of care and dismantle the physician-led team-based health care model in Pennsylvania. The AAFP opposes legislation that undermines the physician-led team-based care models that have proven to be most effective in improving quality and efficiency.

The AAFP believes that health professionals should work collaboratively as clinically integrated teams in the best interest of patients. Physician-led team-based care addresses patients' needs for high quality, accessible health care and reflects the skills, training and abilities of each of the health care team members to the full extent of their state-based licenses. Furthermore, family physicians are particularly qualified to lead the health care team because they possess distinctive skills, training, experience and knowledge that allow them to provide comprehensive medical care, health maintenance, and preventative services for a range of medical and behavioral health issues.

All fully trained physicians are required to complete a four-year bachelor's degree, four years of MD/DO education, and then a minimum of three years of residency that includes 12,000 to 16,000 hours of clinical patient care. Family physicians are also required to take 150 hours of Continuing Medical Education (CME) training every three years and, if board certified, must sit for their board certification exams every six to ten years along with completing annual requirement to maintain their certification. Physician education is standardized by state medical boards. Each physician is also required by law to carry his/her own medical liability insurance. By contrast, APRNs are only required to complete a four-year bachelor's degree and 1.5 to 3 years of masters-level coursework and complete between 500-1,500 clinical hours before becoming licensed APRNs. They are also not required to complete mandatory standardized CME, sit for nursing board certifications at standardized intervals, or carry medical liability insurance.

This legislation specifically removes provisions that require APRNs to practice with collaborating physicians in patient-centered care teams that engage in diagnosis, treatment and patient care.

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Allowing APRNs the ability to independently provide care by diagnosing, prescribing, treating, counseling, providing health assessment and screening, facilitating patient management of acute and chronic illness and disease, ordering and performing, supervising, and interpreting diagnostic tests, and prescribing pharmacologic and non-pharmacologic therapies, or providing other unsupervised services with no physician collaboration further splinters the health care team. APRNs are important members of the medical team, but they do not have the medical education and training to provide full coordination of a patient's care. For this reason, a nurse practitioner is not a substitute for a physician when it comes to ensuring patient safety.

Physicians and nurses occupy interdependent roles in the delivery of quality, comprehensive health care. The AAFP recognizes that nurses are an integral and valuable part of a physician-led team. However, we believe that independent practice and prescribing is not the answer. Physicians offer an unmatched service to patients and, without their skills, patients' safety would be at risk.

We strongly urge you to support physician-led health care teams by opposing the proposed legislation on expanding APRN scope of practice without clinical physician supervision. Thank you for your consideration. Please contact Shelby King, Manager, Center for State Policy, at 202-232-9033 or [sking@aafp.org](mailto:sking@aafp.org) with any questions.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'John Meigs, Jr.', with a stylized flourish and the initials 'MS' at the end.

John Meigs, Jr., MD, FFAFP  
Board Chair

CC: The Honorable Mike Turzai, Pennsylvania Speaker of the House  
The Honorable Dave Reed, Pennsylvania House Majority Leader  
The Honorable Frank Dermody, Pennsylvania House Minority Leader  
The Honorable Joseph Scarnati, Pennsylvania Senate President Pro Tempore  
The Honorable Jake Corman, Pennsylvania Senate Majority Leader  
The Honorable Jay Costa, Pennsylvania Senate Minority Leader