### Step 1: Use objective data to risk stratify the patient.

#### HIGH RISK
- **Risk scoring data:**
  - Significant claims history;
  - Significant severity according to ICD-10 or hierarchical condition category (HCC) codes, electronic health record (EHR), health information technology (HIT) database, etc.
- **Utilization:**
  - Three or more ED visits.
  - Any readmission.
  - One hospitalization related to chronic conditions.
  - Admission to hospice or palliative care.
- **Clinical:**
  - One unstable behavioral health diagnosis.
  - Two or more stable behavioral health diagnoses.
  - Three or more active chronic conditions.
  - Active cancer.
  - Clinical metric critically out of bounds (e.g., A1C > 9, stage D heart failure).

#### MODERATE RISK
- **Risk scoring data:**
  - Moderate claims history;
  - Moderate severity according to ICD-10 or HCC codes, EHR, HIT database, etc.
- **Utilization:**
  - One ED visit related to chronic condition.
  - Any hospitalization.
- **Clinical:**
  - One stable behavioral health diagnosis.
  - Fewer than three active chronic conditions.
  - History of cancer.
  - Clinical metric moderately out of bounds (e.g., A1C < 9, stage B or C heart failure).

#### LOW RISK
- **Risk scoring data:**
  - Low claims history; low severity according to ICD-10 or HCC codes, EHR, HIT database, etc.
- **Utilization:**
  - No ED visits or hospitalizations.
- **Clinical:**
  - No chronic health condition.

### Step 2: Use subjective data to assign a risk-stratification level for the patient.

#### LEVEL 6
- Patient is potentially in danger of dying or being institutionalized within the next year.

#### LEVEL 5
- Patient has complications of chronic conditions or high-risk social determinants of health.

#### LEVEL 4
- Patient has chronic conditions that are out of control but without complications.

#### LEVEL 3
- Patient has chronic conditions but is doing well.

#### LEVEL 2
- Patient is healthy with no medical problems but with out-of-range biometrics.

#### LEVEL 1
- Patient is healthy with no medical problems and in-range biometrics.